

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

10. — A Pleasant Peregrination through the Prettiest Parts of Pennsylvania. Performed by Peregrine Prolix. Philadelphia; Grigg & Elliot. 1836. 12mo. pp. 148.

In spite of its affected title, this little book is both amusing and instructive. It presents, in a series of playful letters, a great many important facts in relation to the internal improvements of Pennsylvania. Roads, railroads, canals, &c. are intelligently described. With all this attention to the useful, Mr. Prolix has an eye to the picturesque, and a quick perception of the Some of his pictures of the natural beauties of Pennsylvania are drawn with liveliness and taste. Many of the witticisms are amusing; but the author must pardon us for not relishing all his puns. Puns are good things at proper times and places, but they should be like "angels' visits." There is no species of wit which grows flat so soon. Our author indulges his vein in this way until we are fairly provoked and worried out. He is too bad even for a Philadelphian. For so small a book there is rather too much Latin in it; but perhaps this should not be quarrelled with in our unclassical times. In spite, however, of puns and Latinity, the reader will be pleased with Prolix's clever and sparkling pages.

11. — The Chinese Repository, for 1835. Nos. I. — XII.

THE contents of this periodical are various and interesting. It is published at Canton, under the superintendence of English residents, and is devoted almost entirely to China. The plan is a good one, and the execution of it corresponds in ability to the importance of the object. The articles are well written, showing on the part of their authors, a thorough knowledge of the topics they undertake to handle. A great variety of subjects are treated We have notices of historical personages, in each number. sketches of Chinese literature, accompanied by excellent translations of some of the most important Chinese classics, and very curious essays on the manners and customs of the people. But perhaps the most singular portion of all the numbers we have seen, is the account of Chinese education, contained in No. 1 and the sketch of the literary examinations in No. 3. says on government and the administration of justice, are clever and full of important information. An article in No. 5, on "the thousand character classic," will give the reader a very good